

Specification (Measurement)

Transport and Main Roads Specifications
MRS07B Insitu Stabilised Pavements using Cement or
Cementitious Blends

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1 Introduction

This Specification applies to the stabilisation of materials insitu by the addition of a cementitious stabilising agent.

This Specification shall be read in conjunction with MRS01 *Introduction to Specifications*, MRS50 *Specific Quality System Requirements*, and other Specifications as appropriate.

This Specification forms part of the Transport and Main Roads Specifications Manual.

2 Measurement of works

2.1 Standard Work Items

In accordance with the provisions of Clause 2.1.3 of *MRS01 Introduction to Specifications*, the Standard Work Items covered by this Specification are listed in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 - Standard Work Items

Standard Item No.	Description	Unit of Measurement		
Insitu Stabilised Pavements using Cement or Cementitious Blends				
40201P	Excavation and disposal of material not suitable for stabilisation, [type of material] (Provisional Quantity, if ordered)	m³		
40205P	New material to replace material not suitable for stabilisation [type of new material] (Provisional Quantity, if ordered)	m³		
40209	Pulverisation prior to insitu stabilisation [location]	m²		
40210P	Additional material for shape correction [type of new material] (Provisional Quantity)	m³		
40214	Insitu stabilisation using cement or cementitious blends [description, location]	m²		
40215	Supply of stabilising agent [description, location]	tonne		
40216	Water curing [location]	m²		

2.2 Work Operations

Item 40201P Excavation and disposal of material not suitable for stabilisation, [type of material] (Provisional Quantity, if ordered)

Work Operations incorporated in the above item include:

- a) Work Operations listed in Clause 2.1.5 of MRS01 Introduction to Specifications
- b) excavating, loading and hauling of material not suitable for stabilisation, and
- c) disposal of material.

Item 40205P New material to replace material not suitable for stabilisation [type of new material] (Provisional Quantity, if ordered)

Work Operations incorporated in the above items include:

- a) Work Operations listed in Clause 2.1.5 of MRS01 Introduction to Specifications
- b) supply and delivery of all materials

- c) spreading the materials
- d) compacting, shaping and trimming the materials to facilitate insitu stabilisation and work operations related to it
- e) maintenance of the subgrade and/or pavement courses, and
- f) associated material and construction compliance testing.

Item 40209 Pulverisation prior to insitu stabilisation [location]

Work Operations incorporated in the above item include:

- a) Work Operations listed in Clause 2.1.5 of MRS01 Introduction to Specifications
- b) pulverising the material to be stabilised,
- c) compacting, shaping and trimming the material to facilitate insitu stabilisation, and work operations related to it, and
- d) associated material and construction compliance testing.

Item 40210P Additional material for shape correction [type of new material] (Provisional Quantity)

Work Operations incorporated in the above item include:

- a) Work Operations listed in Clause 2.1.5 of MRS01 Introduction to Specifications
- b) supply and delivery of all materials
- c) spreading the materials
- d) compacting, shaping and trimming the materials to facilitate insitu stabilisation and work operations related to it
- e) maintenance of the subgrade and/or pavement courses, and
- f) associated material and construction compliance testing.

Item 40214 Insitu stabilisation using cement or cementitious blends [description, location]

Work Operations incorporated in the above item include:

- a) Work Operations listed in Clause 2.1.5 of MRS01 Introduction to Specifications
- b) compacting, shaping and trimming prior to spreading of the stabilising agent for each pass
- c) uniform spreading of the stabilising agent for each pass
- d) incorporation of the stabilising agent into the material after each spreading pass
- e) compacting, shaping and trimming of materials between each incorporation pass
- f) supply, delivery, storage, application and incorporation of water
- g) compaction
- h) trimming
- i) treatment at construction joints
- j) disposal of excess and trimmed material

- k) proof roll testing
- I) maintenance of the stabilised layer, and
- m) associated material and construction compliance testing.

Item 40215 Supply of stabilising agent [description, location]

Work Operations incorporated in the above item include:

- a) Work Operations listed in Clause 2.1.5 of MRS01 Introduction to Specifications
- b) supply, transport, delivery and storage of the stabilising agent, and
- c) associated material and construction compliance testing.

Item 40216 Water curing [location]

Work Operations incorporated in the above item include:

- a) Work Operations listed in Clause 2.1.5 of MRS01 Introduction to Specifications
- b) supply, transport, delivery and storage of water
- c) application of the water to maintain the stabilised layer in a damp condition at all times during the curing period, and
- d) associated material and construction compliance testing.

2.3 Calculation of quantities

2.3.1 Stabilising agent

The mass of stabilising agent shall be calculated using the following formula:

$$M = \frac{A \times S}{1000}$$

where:

M = mass of stabilising agent in tonnes

A = surface area of pavement to be insitu stabilised in m²

S = specified stabilising agent spread rate in kg/m².

The mass of stabilising agent for each lot shall be calculated using the above formula.

The total mass of stabilising agent shall be the sum of the masses of stabilising agent calculated for each lot.

2.3.2 Water curing

The area of water curing shall be calculated from the lengths and widths of the lots for which water curing has been specified.

2.3.3 Removal and disposal of material not suitable for stabilisation

The volume of material not suitable for stabilisation shall be calculated from the loose truck volume of material disposed of from the site. Before commencing this operation the measured volume of the haulage plant and the loading method shall be deemed suitable by the Administrator. The total volume of material removed and disposed of shall be agreed with the Administrator each day.

2.3.4 New material to replace material not suitable for stabilisation

The volume of replacement material shall be calculated by measuring the volume of the excavation. The volume of the excavation shall be determined from the three-dimensional shape boundary by the bottom of the excavation and the finished shapes and dimensions as shown on the drawings or otherwise nominated in the Contract. A survey pick up shall be used, or an alternative method deemed suitable by the Administrator.

3 Utilisation of a rejected lot for a reduced level of service

3.1 Maximum reductions in standards for a reduced level of service

A lot shall not be utilised for a reduced level of service if:

- a) the actual value for any property or requirement not listed in the first column of Table 3.1 has failed to meet the specified limit or requirement for such property or requirement
- b) the actual value for any property or requirement listed in the first column of Table 3.1 has deviated from the extended limit stated in the second column of Table 3.1
- c) the actual value for any property given in Table 3.1 has deviated from the specified limit (not the extended limit) for the same property in the immediately preceding lot, or
- d) the actual value for any property given in Table 3.1 has deviated from the specified limit (not the extended limit) for that property in more than three lots for any preceding work period.

Table 3.1 – Extended limits

Property	Extended Limit
Characteristic value of relative compaction	Minimum characteristic value of relative compaction no less than the specified relative compaction minus 2%.
Road roughness(surface evenness)	Maximum road roughness value of R_m as stated in Clause 1 of Annexure MRS07B.1 or, where R_m is not so stated, it shall equal R_s + 0.76m/km, where R_s is defined in MRTS07B.
Stabilising agent content	Minimum content no less than the ordered content (expressed as a percentage) minus 0.5%.
Characteristic value of the stabilised later thickness	Minimum characteristic value of the stabilised layer thickness no less than the design layer thickness minus 20 mm.

3.2 Determination of the reduced value

3.2.1 General

The reduced value shall be determined from the formula given below for the relevant property. Where there is more than one reduction, the percentage reduction for each property shall be added together to provide a total percentage reduction which shall be applied to the scheduled rate for all Work Items covered by Clause 2.2.

3.2.2 Compaction standard

Where a product standard applies to compaction, the percentage reduction shall be determined from the following formula:

Percentage Reduction = (C_s - C_a) x 4

where:

C_s = the specified value of compaction, and

C_a = the actual minimum characteristic value of compaction.

3.2.3 Road roughness (surface evenness)

The percentage reduction shall be determined from the following formula:

Percentage Reduction = (R_a - R_s) x 26.49

where:

Ra = the actual road roughness value, and

R_s = the specified road roughness value as defined in MRTS07B.

3.2.4 Stabilising agent content

The percentage reduction shall be determined from the following formula:

Percentage Reduction = $(S - S_a) \times 10$

where:

S = the ordered stabilising agent content (expressed as a percentage) as defined in MRTS07B, and

S_a = the actual stabilising agent content (expressed as a percentage) determined in accordance with MRTS07B.

3.2.5 Thickness of stabilised layer

If indicated in Clause 2 of Annexure MRS07B.1, the percentage reduction shall be determined from the following formula:

Percentage Reduction = $((D_d - 5) - D_a) \times 2$

where:

D_d = the design layer thickness of the stabilised layer (mm), and

D_a = the actual minimum characteristic value of the stabilised layer thickness measurements determined in accordance with MRTS07B (mm).

3.3 Application of the reduced value payments

The reduced values shall apply to the lot represented by the tests for the total thickness of the (individual) stabilised layer.

4 Additional payment for a higher standard of surface evenness

4.1 General

If indicated in Clause 3 of Annexure MRS07B.1, an additional payment above the scheduled rate, shall be made for the additional benefit of a higher standard of surface evenness on the surface of the final pavement layer as represented by the road roughness value. This shall be applied to the scheduled rate for all Work Items covered by Clause 2.2.

4.2 Payment

Any additional payment shall be determined from the formula:

Additional Payment = R x Q x P

where:

R = scheduled rate for the Work Item for the top stabilised layer

Q = compacted quantity in the lot (as modified by Clause 4.3), and

 $P = \frac{(R_S - R_a)}{9.4} - 0.02$

where:

P = the additional payment factor due to achieving a higher standard of surface evenness

 R_s = specified road roughness value as defined in MRTS07B, and

R_a = measured road roughness value.

Notwithstanding the above the maximum value of P shall be 0.04.

4.3 Quantity of pavement to which the additional payment applies

The additional pavement shall apply to the lot represented by the higher standard of surface evenness for the total thickness of the (individual) stabilised layer.