

FOOTING DEPTHS								
Vertical Height of Hinged Pole		Minimum Diameter of Footing W	Minimum Depth of Footing D					
			Good s	soil, refer N	Note 3	Average s	oil, refer	Note 3
CCTV Pole	8000	600	2000 (a),	2500 (b),	2900 (c)			3600 (c)
	10000					2700 (a),	3100 (b),	
	12000							
	15000	700	2600 (a),	3100 (b),	3600 (c)	3500 (a),	4000 (b),	4500 (c)
Lighting Pole	10000	600	2200 (a),	2700 (b),	3100 (c)	3000 (a),	3400 (b),	3900 (c)
	13000	700	2600 (a),	3100 (b),	3600 (c)	3500 (a),	4000 (b),	4500 (c)
Slope ranges (S) NOTE:						Depths specified	in the table	for Case 1

(c)

9

Ω

Case 2 Footing adjacent to batter hinge point

H < 2.4m for 600mm dia footing

H < 2.8m for 700mm dia footing

SLOPE DIAGRAM

(a), (b) or

Case 1

Footing on sloping ground

- (a) where S =flat up to and including 1:6

- conditions (b) and (c) shall also apply for poles (b) where S =greater than 1:6 up to and including 1:3 installed on a verge/shoulder within the (c) where S = greater than 1:3 up to and including 1:2 horizontal distances (H) from the batter hinge point as shown in Case 2 of Slope Diagram.

SEQUENCE OF INSTALLATION:

- 1) Footing shall be accurately located horizontally and vertically, and existing utility service investigation carried out, prior to commencement of excavation. HOLD POINT 1 of MRTS92.
- 2) Dig/bore and excavate the hole to the required depth and width for the specified anchor cage. The excavation shall be inspected by the Administrator, HOLD POINT 2 of MRTS92, and surveyed as per of MRTS56.
- (3) Determine finished surface level and suspend the anchor cage in correct position such that the finished surface level is 150 below the top of anchor cage, and at correct orientation relative to the roadway. WITNESS POINT 18 of MRTS56.
- 4) Threads shall be protected and conduit plugged before pouring concrete.
- (5) Pour concrete footing to bottom of the threads of anchor cage and allow to set. Allow seven day minimum curing period or until 20MPa before installing the pole.
- (6) Locate pole 60 above top of footing. Ensure compressible fibre washers are placed on the levelling nuts.
- (7) Level pole using the levelling nuts, then finger tighten the fixing nuts and temporary nuts on each threaded bar onto the base plate.
- (8) Immediately form mortar pad under base plate using a TMR registered high early strength, rapid setting, flowable, cementitious grout, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. Mortar pad edges bevelled as shown. Conduit to end flush with top of
- (9) Wait until mortar has achieved final set in accordance with manufacturer's specifications before tensioning the fixing nuts.
- (1) Remove the temporary nuts from top of base plate.
- (1) Tension the remaining fixing nuts to torque of 135 Nm

NOTES:

- 1. SCOPE: This standard drawing shall be used for base plate mounted hinged pole footing details when installed on slopes of up to and including 1:2, and in good to average soil. Installations proposed for locations with greater slope and/or in poor soil or sandy materials shall require specialist design by Geotechnical Engineer.
- 2. FOOTING for base plate mounted pole shall be to MRTS92 and in accordance with the details on this drawing.
- Selection of depth of footing is to be determined by the designer from the project design documents, such as geotechnical report, site survey, and road cross sections. No permanent forms shall be used for excavation except if required for top 1000.
- 3. Good Soil ($S_u \ge 50$ kPa) consists of Stiff to Hard Clayey materials or Weathered Rocks. Average Soil (25 kPa \leq Su < 50 kPa) consists of Firm Clayey materials or Compacted Farthfill materials

 $\underline{Poor Soil}$ (Su < 25 kPa) requires specialist design, and consists of Very Soft to Soft Clayey materials.

Su is the undrained shear strength of clayey materials.

Sandy Materials comprising Loose to Very Dense Sands require specialist design.

4. ANCHOR CAGE shall be in accordance with Standard Drawing 1328 and with the details on

Finished surface level shall be determined prior to commencement of installation. Positional tolerances in accordance with MRTS70

Compressible fibre washers can only be used once. If an existing slip base mount is

being reinstated onto its original anchor cage, new fibre washers are required to be used. 5. CONCRETE shall be in accordance with MRTS70.

MORTAR under the base plate shall be a TMR registered high early strength, rapid setting, flowable, cementitious grout product with the following minimum strengths: 4 hours to 15MPa and 28 days to 32MPa.

- 6. 6. CONDUIT shall be in accordance with MRTS91. Ensure the conduit is not blocked. 500 minimum/3000 maximum distance from edge of footing to pit.
- 7. BASE PLATE MOUNTED POLE shall be in accordance with MRTS97.
- 8. ORIENTATION OF HATCHWAY for hinged poles shall be in accordance with the details on this drawing. The orientation of the hatchway for each pole shall be documented on the as constructed drawings for future reference by maintenance crews.
- 9 Dimensions are in millimetres

REFERENCED DEPARTMENTAL STANDARD DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS:

1149 Installation of Underground Electrical and Communications Conduit

1328 Road Lighting - Anchor Cage Fabrication Details

1699 Traffic Signals/Road Lighting/ITS — Parts List

MRTS56 Construction Surveying

MRTS91 Conduits and Pits: MRTS70 Concrete: Traffic Signal and Road Lighting Footings MRTS97 Mounting Structures for Roadside Equipment

Department of Transport and Main Roads ROAD LIGHTING / ITS The State of Queensland (Departm of Transport and Main Roads) 2025

BASE PLATE MOUNTED HINGED POLE - FOOTING DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION ON SLOPES OF UP TO AND INCLUDING 1:2

Standard Drawing No

Α3 Not to 1684 Date 3/2025