Queensland Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices

Part 15: Direction signs, information signs and route numbering

March 2023



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Feedback

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About this document

This document sets out the principles for use of direction and information signs that inform the road user of the direction and distance to a place on the route being followed or along another road that intersects that route. They may also supply information to identify points of geographical, historical or tourist interest and give directions to service and accommodation facilities. The main types of direction signs providing intersection direction are as follows:

- advance direction
- intersection direction
- fingerboard
- reassurance direction
- route markers, and
- freeway guide.

How to use this document

This document is designed to be read and applied together with AS 1742.15-2019 *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Part 15* (AS 1742.15-2019). You must have access to the Australian Standard to understand what applies in Queensland.

This document:

- sets out how AS 1742.15-2019 applies in Queensland
- has precedence over AS 1742.15-2019 when applied in Queensland
- has the same section and clause numbering and headings as AS 1742.15-2019.

The following table summarises the relationship between AS 1742.15-2019 and this document:

Applicability Meaning		
Accepted	The Australian Standard section or clause is accepted.	
Accepted, with amendments		
New	There is no equivalent section or clause in the Australian Standard.	
Not accepted The Australian Standard section or clause is not accepted.		

Definitions

The following general amended definitions apply when reading AS 1742.15-2019.

Reference to	Means	
AS 1742.15-2019	AS 1742.15-2019, as amended by this document	
	For example, a reference to AS 1742.15-2019 means you must refer to the Australian Standard Part 15, and Part 15 of the Queensland Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (Queensland MUTCD).	
	Throughout AS 1742.15-2019, references are made to other parts of the Australian Standards (for example, when reading Part 15 you may be referred to Part 3 for further information.) In this case, you must refer to the equivalent Part within the Queensland MUTCD first. Check the applicability of the equivalent Part in the Queensland MUTCD before referring to the referenced Australian Standard Part.	
TRUM	Traffic and Road Use Management Manual	
Queensland (Q) series / Traffic Control (TC) signs	Queensland (Q) series signs can be found via <u>TC signs</u> :	

Relationship table

Section Clause Description		Applicability	
1	Scope ar	nd general	
	1.1	Scope	Accepted
	1.2	Normative references	Accepted
	1.3	Terms and definitions	
	1.3.1	expressway type roads	Accepted
	1.3.2	focal point map	Accepted
	1.3.3	shall	Accepted with amendments
	1.3.4	should	Accepted with amendments
	1.3.5	85 th percentile / V ₈₅	Accepted
	1.3.6	May	New
	1.3.7	Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ)	New
	1.3.8	Innovative treatments	New
	1.4	Responsibility and authority for installation	Accepted with amendments
	1.5	Principles of good sign practice	Accepted
	1.6	Sign design guidelines	
	1.6.1	Signboard layout	Accepted
	1.6.2	Presentation of information	Accepted
	1.6.3	Sign format	Accepted
	1.6.4	Distances on signs	Accepted
	1.6.5	Route and street names	Accepted
	1.6.6	Directions to distant routes	Accepted
	1.6.7	Use of apostrophes	Accepted
	1.6.8	Letter types and sizes, and sign colour	Accepted with amendments
	1.6.9	Use of arrows	Accepted
	1.6.10	Illumination and reflectorization	Accepted
	1.6.11	Non-standard signs	Accepted
	1.6.12	Signing of dual names	New
	1.6.13	Signing of alternate names	New
	1.7	Installation and location	Accepted
	1.8	Materials and manufacturing specifications	Accepted
	1.9	Variation to treatments and Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland certification	New
2	Direction	signs at and near intersections	
	2.1	General	Accepted
	2.2	Advance direction signs	

Section	Clause	Description	Applicability
	2.2.1	Application	Accepted
	2.2.2	Format and use	Accepted
	2.2.3	Legend	Accepted
	2.2.4	Location and mounting	Accepted
	2.2.5	Supplementary distance plate (G9-66)	Accepted
	2.3	Driving instruction direction signs	
	2.3.1	Single direction type (G9-7 and G9-8)	Accepted
	2.3.2	Multiple direction / lane type	Accepted
	2.3.3	Turning instruction signs	Accepted
	2.3.4	Variable lane designation signs	Accepted
	2.4	Intersection direction signs and fingerboards	
	2.4.1	Function and classification	Accepted
	2.4.2	Major intersection direction signs (Type 1) – Description and use	Accepted
	2.4.3	Minor Intersection Direction (Type 2) signs – Description and use	Accepted
	2.4.4	Fingerboards (Type 3 intersection direction signs) – Description and use	Accepted
	2.4.5	Signs to tourist attractions and services	Accepted
	2.4.6	Legend selection	Accepted
	2.4.7	Display of route numbers and distance	Accepted
	2.4.8	Location	Accepted
	2.5	Reassurance direction signs	Accepted
	2.5.1	Function	Accepted
	2.5.2	Legend	Accepted with amendments
	2.5.3	Location	Accepted
	2.6	Typical arrangement diagrams	Accepted
3	Express	way direction signs	
	3.1	General	Accepted
	3.2	Provision of signs	Accepted
	3.3	Legend selection	
	3.3.1	Amount of legend	Accepted
	3.3.2	Destination and route names	Accepted
	3.3.3	Route numbering	Accepted
	3.3.4	Exit numbering	Accepted

Section	Section Clause Description		Applicability		
	3.4	Advance exit signs and signs at the exit			
	3.4.1	Advance exit signs – Legend type (GE1-5, GE1-6, GE1-13)	Accepted		
	3.4.2	Advance exit signs – Diagrammatic type (GE1-11, GE1-12)	Accepted		
	3.4.3	Signs at the exit	Accepted		
	3.4.4	Typical direction sign arrangements – single lane exits	Accepted		
	3.4.5	Two-lane exits	Accepted		
	3.4.6	Closely spaced exits and single trap lane exits	Accepted		
	3.4.7	Location of exit direction signs	Accepted		
	3.5	Supplementary advance signs			
	3.5.1	This (Next) exit, Use exit signs (GE1-8-1, GE1-8-2, GE1-8-4)	Accepted		
	3.5.2	NEXT xx EXITS sign (GE1-8-3)	Accepted		
	3.5.3	By-passed town signs (GE1-5)	Accepted		
	3.6	Reassurance and interchange sequence signs			
	3.6.1	Reassurance direction signs (GE4-1)	Accepted		
	3.6.2	Interchange sequence sign (GE1-9)	Accepted		
	3.7	Signs at Expressway-to-Expressway Interchanges	Accepted		
	3.8	Signs on the approach to and along tolled expressways			
	3.8.1	General	Accepted with amendments		
	3.8.2	TOLL panel	Accepted with amendments		
	3.8.3	Toll indicated by alternative sign colours	Accepted with amendments		
	3.9	Other expressway direction signs			
	3.9.1	Expressway direction signs in tunnels	Accepted		
	3.9.2	Combined direction signs with overhead lane control devices	Accepted with amendments		
	3.9.3	G3-4 series signs on expressways	Accepted		
	3.9.4	EXIT distance sign (GE1-18)	Accepted		
	3.10	Direction signs at ramp terminals			
	3.10.1	Exit ramp terminals	Accepted		
	3.10.2	Approaches to entrance ramp terminals	Accepted		
4	Route nu	Imbering			
	4.1	General principles	Accepted		

Section	Clause Description		Applicability	
	4.2	Types of route numbering		
	4.2.1	The alphanumeric system	Accepted	
	4.2.2	Tourist routes	Accepted	
	4.2.3	Over-dimensional load routes	Accepted	
	4.2.4	Special routes using symbols	Accepted	
	4.2.5	Maintaining existing shield based systems	Accepted	
	4.3	The alphanumeric system – Description and use		
	4.3.1	Route classification	Accepted	
	4.3.2	Number selection	Accepted	
	4.3.3	Alternative and by-pass routes	Accepted	
	4.3.4	Dual numbering	Accepted	
	4.4	Display of numbers		
	4.4.1	Form of display and visual prominence	Accepted	
	4.4.2	Display on direction signs	Accepted	
	4.4.3	Display as free standing markers or supplementary plates	Accepted	
5	General information signs			
	5.1	Geographical feature signs (G6)		
	5.1.1	Purpose	Accepted	
	5.1.2	Location	Accepted	
	5.1.3	Shape and colour	Accepted	
	5.1.4	Legend	Accepted	
	5.1.5	Types of signs	Accepted	
	5.1.6	Town name (G6-1)	Accepted	
	5.1.7	Stream name (G6-2)	Accepted	
	5.1.8	State border (G6-3 and G6-4)	Accepted	
	5.1.9	Local government boundary (G6-5)	Accepted	
	5.1.10	Feature (G6-6)	Accepted	
	5.2	Kilometre plates		
	5.2.1	General	Accepted	
	5.2.2	Kilometre plates (G10-3, G10-4, G10-5)	Accepted	
	5.2.3	Location and spacing	Accepted	
	5.3	Non-standard information signs		
	5.3.1	General	Accepted	
	5.3.2	Sign design	Accepted	
	5.3.3	Sign location	Accepted	

Section	Clause	Description	Applicability	
Appendices				
А	Determina	ation of letter sizes for signs (informative)		
	A.1	Scope	Accepted	
	A.2	Procedure	Accepted	
В	Guideline signs (info	s for the layout of legend elements on direction prmative)		
	B.1	General	Accepted	
	B.2	Selection of legend elements	Accepted	
	B.3	Spacing of legend elements	Accepted with amendments	
	B.4	Achieving visual balance	Accepted	
С	Illuminatio	on and reflectorization of signs (normative)		
	C.1	Scope	Accepted	
	C.2	General	Accepted	
	C.3	Means of illumination	Accepted	
	C.4	Means of reflectorization	Accepted	
D	Installation and location of signs (normative)			
	D.1	Scope	Accepted	
	D.2	Sign location – Roadside signs		
	D.2.1	General	Accepted	
	D.2.2	Longitudinal placement	Accepted	
	D.2.3	Lateral placement and height		
	D.2.3.1	General	Accepted	
	D.2.3.2	Lateral placement – Rural	Accepted	
	D.2.3.3	Lateral placement – Urban	Accepted	
	D.2.3.4	Height – Rural	Accepted	
	D.2.3.5	Height – Urban	Accepted	
	D.3	Sign location – Overhead signs	Accepted	
	D.4	Multiple signs on a single mounting	Accepted	
	D.5	Sign orientation	Accepted	

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1 Scope and general

1.3 Terms and definitions

1.3.3 Shall

Addition

Indicates that a statement is mandatory. Where certain requirements in the design or application of the device are described with the 'shall' stipulation, it is mandatory that, when an installation is made, these requirements be met.

1.3.4 Should

Addition

Indicates a recommendation. Where the word 'should' is used, it is considered to be recommended usage, but not mandatory. Any recommendation that is not applied must be based on sound traffic engineering judgement and documented.

1.3.6 May

<u>New</u>

Indicates the existence of an option. Where the word 'may' is used, it indicates that use of the device is conditional, or optional. Usually, no specific requirements for the design or application are intended.

1.3.7 Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland

New

A person who is registered as a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ), under the *Professional Engineers Act* 2002 (Qld) with the <u>Board of Professional Engineers of Queensland</u>.

1.3.8 Innovative treatments

New

Innovative treatments that provide improved safety, efficiency, and/or value-for-money outcomes are encouraged. Such treatments may include:

- a) innovative use of current devices
- b) alternative device layouts using existing and/or improved devices, and/or
- c) new devices or practices.

New or improved devices, treatments, or practices require approval by the Department of Transport and Main Roads (see Clause 1.9 for guidance about variations to optimal treatments) prior to their use or adoption.

For trials of new or innovative traffic control devices, treatments, or practices, a submission in accordance with the requirements of the Queensland *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (MUTCD) Part 1 Clause 1.13 shall be submitted to <u>TrafficEngineering.Support@tmr.qld.gov.au</u>.

1.4 Responsibility and authority for installation

<u>Difference</u>

Replace with Section 1.4 of the Queensland Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Part 2.

1.6 Sign design guidelines

1.6.8 Letter types

Difference

Replace Item (e) with the following:

(e) Cautionary legends, excluding TOLLS, associated with directions shall be black upper case letter on a yellow panel. Where a TOLL panel is required, refer to Transport and Main Roads' *Traffic and Road Use Management manual Volume 3 Part 10 Signing and Pavement Marking for Toll Roads*.

1.6.12 Signing of dual names

New

Gazetted dual named places and features listed in the <u>Queensland Place Names Database</u> (as shown separated by a solidus '/') shall be signed in full on directional signs in the order they appear in the database. A solidus shall be used to separate each name, with both names considered one destination. Capitalisation and punctuation of each name shall be as per the standard signing principles and requirements of this Manual (see Section 1.6).

Where the signing of dual names creates long lines of text, a line break may be included following the solidus and the shorter line of text shall be centred either above or below the longest line (except for reassurance signs, where both lines shall be left-justified and additional line spacing should be provided between adjacent destinations for visual separation). A maximum of two lines of text shall be used per dual named place or feature (see Figure 1.6.13 for examples).

1.6.13 Signing of alternate names

New

Where recently renamed places and features have alternate names listed in the <u>Queensland Place</u> <u>Names Database</u> (as shown in parentheses), the alternate name may be signed in accordance with Clause 1.6.12 to assist the travelling public with recognition of the new name.

Where the decision is made to sign an alternate name, a consistent approach should be applied to all applicable signs on a route. The signing of alternate names is considered a temporary measure to assist the travelling public with navigation. Alternate names should be covered up with a blank panel, once the new name is commonly recognised.



G2-4

(c) Fingerboards (double chevron ended)

1.9 Variation to treatments and Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland certification

New

This Part of the *Manual* contains mandatory requirements (*shall*), recommendations (*should*) and options (*may*). The application of these mandatory requirements and recommendations is intended to provide the optimal level of safety and traffic efficiency. It is acknowledged that, in some instances, variations to these requirements and recommendations may be necessary and, as such, variations to these requirements and recommendations may be undertaken as follows:

a) Where recommendations (*should*) are not adopted, a risk assessment shall be undertaken and certified by an RPEQ.

b) Where mandatory requirements (*shall*) are not adopted, a risk assessment shall be undertaken and certified by an RPEQ.

Notifications of variations to mandatory requirements (including all relevant information) shall be emailed to <u>TrafficEngineering.Support@tmr.qld.gov.au</u> for information purposes and for the benefit of identifying potential future practice changes – not for approval or endorsement. These variations may include learnings that may be attributed to the variation of a *shall* requirement, such as operational, cost or safety impacts.

- c) Where innovative treatments (see Clause 1.3.8) that are outside the scope of the Queensland MUTCD are proposed to be adopted, a risk assessment shall be undertaken and certified by an RPEQ.
- d) All proposed innovative treatments require approval by Transport and Main Roads prior to their use or adoption. Requests for approval of innovative treatments (including all relevant information) shall be emailed to <u>TrafficEngineering.Support@tmr.qld.gov.au</u>. As part of an approval to use or trial an innovative treatment, Transport and Main Roads may require that the applicant provides a detailed evaluation report on the performance and effectiveness of the treatment. Transport and Main Roads may use the results of the evaluation to identify potential future practice changes to this Part of the *Manual*.
- e) The use of options (*may*) is not a variation to the optimal treatment and does not require certification by an RPEQ.

2 Direction signs at and near intersections

2.5 Reassurance direction signs

2.5.2 Legend

Difference

Where a TOLL panel is required, refer to Transport and Main Roads' *Traffic and Road Use Management manual Volume 3 Part 10 Signing and Pavement Marking for Toll Roads*.

3 Expressway direction signs

3.8 Signs on the approach to and along tolled expressways

3.8.1 General

Difference

Where a TOLL panel is required, refer to Transport and Main Roads' *Traffic and Road Use Management manual Volume 3 Part 10 Signing and Pavement Marking for Toll Roads*.

3.8.2 TOLL panel

Difference

Where a TOLL panel is required, refer to Transport and Main Roads' *Traffic and Road Use Management manual Volume 3 Part 10 Signing and Pavement Marking for Toll Roads*.

3.8.3 Toll indicated by alternative sign colours

Difference

Where a TOLL panel is required, refer to Transport and Main Roads' *Traffic and Road Use Management manual Volume 3 Part 10 Signing and Pavement Marking for Toll Roads.*

3.9 Other expressway direction signs

3.9.2 Combined direction signs with overhead lane control devices

Difference

Replace Item (b) with the following:

(b) The overhead lane control over a lane shall be limited to the speed limit (lane open without other restriction), a flashing or static X, or an exit-only arrow.

Appendix B Guidelines for the layout of legend elements on directions signs

B.3 Spacing of legend elements

Addition

Add the following to items (d) and (e):

• Where a TOLL panel is required, refer to Transport and Main Roads' *Traffic and Road Use* Management manual Volume 3 Part 10 Signing and Pavement Marking for Toll Roads.

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