Technical Specification

Transport and Main Roads Specification
MRTS202 Variable Message Signs

November 2021
Contents

1 Introduction ........................................................................................................................................1

2 Definition of terms ..........................................................................................................................1

3 Reference documents ....................................................................................................................2

4 Quality system requirements ........................................................................................................3

  4.1 General .......................................................................................................................................3

  4.2 Sample variable message sign......................................................................................................4

  4.3 Warranty ....................................................................................................................................4

5 Functional requirements ..................................................................................................................4

  5.1 General .......................................................................................................................................4

  5.2 Control methods ..........................................................................................................................5

  5.3 VMS controller ............................................................................................................................5

  5.4 Communications timeout ..........................................................................................................5

  5.5 Configuration management .......................................................................................................5

  5.6 Sign fault management ..............................................................................................................5

  5.7 Local event logging ....................................................................................................................6

  5.8 Watchdog ....................................................................................................................................6

  5.9 Time synchronisation ................................................................................................................6

6 VMS configuration options .............................................................................................................6

7 Mechanical and physical requirements ..........................................................................................7

  7.1 Design life ..................................................................................................................................7

  7.2 Display enclosure .......................................................................................................................7

  7.3 Mounting structure ....................................................................................................................7

  7.4 Field cabinets .............................................................................................................................7

8 Variable message display requirements ..........................................................................................8

  8.1 General .......................................................................................................................................8

  8.2 Variable message display technology .......................................................................................8

  8.3 Failures .......................................................................................................................................8

  8.4 LED output .................................................................................................................................8

  8.5 Display Unit Requirements ........................................................................................................8

  8.6 Display fonts ...............................................................................................................................9

  8.7 Display changes ..........................................................................................................................9

  8.8 Display colour ............................................................................................................................9

  8.9 Fall-back displays ......................................................................................................................10

  8.10 Conspicuity devices ..................................................................................................................10

  8.11 Optical performance ................................................................................................................10

    8.11.1 Luminance ........................................................................................................................10

    8.11.2 LED dimming .......................................................................................................................10

    8.11.3 Luminance intensity half angle ........................................................................................10
17 Training........................................................................................................................................ 17
18 Maintenance ................................................................................................................................ 17
19 Handover ..................................................................................................................................... 17
20 Product Approval........................................................................................................................ 18

Appendix A – Configuration Parameters ......................................................................................... 19
Appendix B – VMS Product Approval Checklist ............................................................................... 20
1 Introduction

This Technical Specification defines the design, supply, installation, testing and commissioning, performance, documentation, training, maintenance and handover requirements for Variable Message Signs (VMS).

These VMS may be used as:

- part of the overall traffic management system utilising STREAMS to manage traffic on the road network, and/or
- a stand-alone device with manual and automatic control.

These VMS shall allow variable graphical and textual information to be displayed to road users. VMS are intended to install at strategic locations on the road network as part of the traveller information and incident management system.

For mobile VMS (such as trailer-mounted VMS) refer to MRTS262 Transportable Variable Message Signs.

This Technical Specification shall be read in conjunction with MRTS01 Introduction to Technical Specifications, MRTS50 Specific Quality System Requirements and other Technical Specifications as appropriate.

This Technical Specification forms part of the Transport and Main Roads Specifications Manual.

2 Definition of terms

The terms defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements apply to this Technical Specification. Additional terminology relevant to this Technical Specification is defined in Table 2 below.

**Table 2 – Definitions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CPF</td>
<td>Contiguous Pixel Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CST</td>
<td>Communication Check Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DU</td>
<td>Display Units, Display of the VMS capable of displaying text and pictograms/graphics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event</td>
<td>Sign status change, frame change, occurrence of a fault in VMS controller or sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVMS</td>
<td>Enhanced Variable Message Sign</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDES</td>
<td>Flashing Display Element Setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FP</td>
<td>Field Processor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LED</td>
<td>Light Emitting Diode(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LFS</td>
<td>Local facility switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MBT</td>
<td>Minimum Blank Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MLEDF</td>
<td>Multi LED Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NATA</td>
<td>National Association of Testing Authorities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>Network Time Protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTS</td>
<td>Over Temperature Setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRDT</td>
<td>Power Recovery Delay Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PFBT</td>
<td>Processor Fault Blank Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHCS</td>
<td>Product host control system: control/diagnostic software that runs on a laptop and can control, interrogate and program the VMS controller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pixel</td>
<td>The smallest discreetly controlled light emitting component of the sign dot matrix display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTN</td>
<td>Principal's Telecommunications Network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QADF</td>
<td>Queensland Asset Data Format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAM</td>
<td>Random Access Memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RGB</td>
<td>Red Green Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simultaneously</td>
<td>At the same time as apparent to the eye of an observer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STO</td>
<td>Session Time Out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STREAMS</td>
<td>The Principal’s traffic management system and primary user interface to ITS field devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke width</td>
<td>The apparent width of active pixel(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TDU</td>
<td>Textual Display Unit of the VMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMC</td>
<td>Traffic Management Centre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMS</td>
<td>Traffic Management System (STREAMS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRUM</td>
<td>Traffic and Road Use Management Manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSDSP</td>
<td>Thermostat High Temperature Shut Down Set Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEWSP</td>
<td>Thermostat High Temperature Early Warning Set Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVMS</td>
<td>Transportable Variable Message Sign</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMS</td>
<td>Variable Message Sign</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMS Controller</td>
<td>A local control unit providing the operational interface to the DU</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3 Reference documents

The requirements of the referenced documents listed in Table 3 of MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements and Table 3 below apply to this Technical Specification. Where there are inconsistencies between this Technical Specification and the referenced MRTS the requirements specified in this Technical Specification shall take precedence.

Table 3 – Referenced documents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS 1742</td>
<td>Manual of uniform traffic control devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1743</td>
<td>Road signs — Specifications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1744</td>
<td>Forms of letters and numerals for road signs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1939</td>
<td>Degrees of protection provided by enclosures for electrical equipment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4 Quality system requirements

#### 4.1 General

The quality system requirements defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements apply to this Technical Specification. There are no Milestones defined. Additional quality system requirements relevant to this Technical Specification are shown in Table 4.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 4.1 – Hold Points, Witness Points and Milestones</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clause</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 4.2 | 1. Detailed design documentation to be provided prior to manufacture.  
2. Optical performance test results to be provided prior to delivery to site. | | |
| 7.3 | 3. Compliance to requirements of MRTS61, MRTS71, MRTS78 and MRTS201.  
4. Detailed design documentation of mounting structure and footings location and heights of the structure. | | |
| 12.2 | 5. Power consumption report | | |
| 15.2 | 1. Factory Acceptance Tests (FAT) | | |
| 15.3 | 2. Installation Acceptance Test (IAT) | | |
### 4.2 Sample variable message sign

Requirements of MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements apply to this Technical Specification. Detailed design of the sign layout, fabrication and assembly drawings, calculations, specifications and certifications of the VMS components (signed by the Contractor’s RPEQ) shall be submitted to the Principal for verification prior to manufacture.

These components include the VMS controller, sign face, LEDs, LED matrix boards, pixel arrangements showing horizontal and vertical pitch and total number of pixels, power supply (including surge protection and back-up batteries), communication ports, cable termination, enclosure and mounting accessories. **Hold Point 1**

Test certificates from a NATA accredited or NATA endorsed by Mutual Recognition laboratory, shall be submitted confirming that optical performance requirements of the VMS specified in this Technical Specification is complied with. Test certificates shall be submitted before the VMS is delivered to site. Test certificate shall have reference to the version of the optical module tested and shall be issued to the current version of the optical modules used in the VMS. Modifications of design of the optical modules such as change of LEDs, LED drivers requires the optical performance retested.  
**Hold Point 2**

As specified in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirement, a sample VMS shall be made available for the FAT.

### 4.3 Warranty

The Contractor installing the VMS shall warrant the installation against defects for a minimum of five years in accordance with the requirements of MRTS201 General Equipment Requirement.

Minimum five year warranty provision is required for electronic signage as they fall under a category of products which are high cost, safety critical or high quantity.

### 5 Functional requirements

#### 5.1 General

The overall functions of the VMS are described in the Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 10. The Queensland specific requirements are supplemented as Queensland practice variations in the TRUM Part 10 Traffic Control and Communication Devices.

It shall be possible to monitor and control the VMS by TMS via a single VMS controller.
5.2 **Control methods**

The VMS message shall be controlled by following methods using the VMS controller:

1. Locally, when the VMS controller has been selected for LOCAL operation using a local facility switch and/or hardwired inputs to select one of the pre-determined messages
2. Locally, when the VMS controller has been selected for MAINTENANCE operation via the PHCS.
3. Remotely by the TMS when the VMS controller has been selected for REMOTE operation. This shall be the normal mode of operation.

5.3 **VMS controller**

VMS controller shall:

- monitor, log and support TMS requests for operation and status
- store up to 255 frames in its non-volatile memory for the DU
- allow local automatic reset of the VMS display and the VMS controller itself such as via watchdog(s)
- allow integration of radar vehicle detectors to activate VMS display, only when vehicles are present in the viewing range of the sign
- be capable of dimming the connected signs based on the average of the light sensor outputs, and
- check validity of commands made by TMS and/or PHCS.

Additional information and functionality of the VMS controller required is described in the following sections.

5.4 **Communications timeout**

The VMS controller shall monitor loss of communications with the TMS and timeout after a specified period. When the VMS controller is in the REMOTE mode, expiry of this period shall cause the VMS controller to blank the entire VMS. The period shall be a configurable parameter. The VMS controller shall also be capable of monitoring communications with each DU and timeout after a specified period when such communication is lost. Communications timeout check shall be performed periodically and shall be a configurable parameter. In LOCAL mode, the communications timeout check with the TMS shall be ignored. Configuration parameters are shown in Appendix A.

Default values and permissible range of values are listed in this standard (Appendix A) to enable testing and configuration as required.

5.5 **Configuration management**

All settings in the VMS controller shall be accessible using the PHCS.

5.6 **Sign fault management**

The VMS controller shall monitor and log the following conditions:

- loss of communication with the FP and each DU
• high enclosure temperature
• illumination faults, and
• other faults relating to the VMS.

The log shall identify the DU and its respective fault.

5.7 Local event logging

The VMS controller shall log in non-volatile memory, operational and fault events such as message changes, hardware resets, establishment or discontinuation of communications, local manual operations and clearance of faults. Each event shall be date and time stamped. Once a fault has occurred and been logged, a recurrence of the same fault need not be logged again until after the fault has been cleared.

The event log shall have space for at least 1,000 entries. Where separate logs are used for operational and fault events, each log shall have space for at least 1,000 entries. The oldest event record shall be overwritten first when this allocated space has been exceeded.

All log entries shall be available for upload from all communication ports upon request from the TMS and/or PHCS. The log shall be uploaded in order of most recent to oldest record. A request by the TMS for the event log shall provide for no less than 20 entries at a time.

Events shall be retained in the log even after retrieval by the PHCS and/or TMS.

5.8 Watchdog

The VMS controller and the DU shall monitor the state of its respective processor and blank the respective display/s if processor failure occurs.

5.9 Time synchronisation

The VMS controller shall be provided with an internal system clock in accordance with MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements. VMS shall synchronize it's time with TMS periodically.

6 VMS configuration options

VMS shall operate in either of the following configuration options.

1. A VMS capable of displaying 3 lines of 18 characters per line as specified in AS 4852.1 Section 5.1.2 Display dimensional requirements. The sign shall be capable of displaying pictograms/graphics in the entire area or sectionalised portion of the display in compliance with the Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 10.

2. A VMS capable of displaying 3 lines with the exception of only 8 characters per line compliant to AS 4852.1 Section 5.1.2 Display dimensional requirements. The sign shall be capable of displaying pictograms/graphics in the entire area or sectionalised portion of the display in compliance with the Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 10.

The VMS shall also include a VMS controller, FP, mounting structure, a telecommunications field cabinet, a switchboard and associated infrastructure/equipment complied with the requirements of this specification and/or relevant other specifications.
7  Mechanical and physical requirements

The mechanical and physical requirements defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements and MRTS61 Gantries and Support Structures for Road Signs, Tolling Systems and ITS Devices apply to work provided under this Technical Specification. Additional mechanical and physical requirements for equipment provided under this Technical Specification are described below.

7.1  Design life

Unless otherwise specified, the design life of the VMS components shall be in accordance with Clause 2.2 of AS 4851.1.

7.2  Display enclosure

The sign enclosure shall house the DU and associated control electronics and comply with the requirements of MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements. The sign enclosure shall be made of Marine Grade Aluminium compliant to AS 4852.1 Clause 3.1.1.

7.3  Mounting structure

The location and type of mounting structure to be provided to mount each VMS shall be shown on the design documentation. The mounting structure shall comply with the requirements of, MRTS61 Gantries and Support Structures for Road Signs, Tolling Systems and ITS Devices, MRTS71 Reinforcing Steel, MRTS78 Fabrication of Structural Steelwork and MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements. [Hold Point 3]

The requirements in MRTS78 Fabrication of Structural Steelwork, relating to the use of a registered fabricator when fabricating mounting structures for VMS apply.

For Cantilever structures, refer to Standard Drawing 1581.

The final design documentation shall include details of the final footing design, location of the structure and the heights. Contractor shall not commence fabrication of the footing and support structure until that final design documentation has been accepted by the Administrator. [Hold Point 4]

7.4  Field cabinets

All telecommunications equipment including the FP and the VMS controller associated with the VMS shall be installed in a suitable roadside enclosure, being either:

- a ground mounted field cabinet complying with requirements of MRTS226 Telecommunication Field Cabinets, or
- an integral enclosure complying with the requirements of MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements installed on the VMS mounting structure.

If the VMS controller is located within its enclosure, installation of it in the roadside enclosure is not applicable.
8 Variable message display requirements

8.1 General

Variable message displays shall utilise a series of pixels forming a dot matrix display system. A “full matrix” configuration shall be used to allow the display of pictograms, graphics as well as alphanumeric characters. The horizontal and vertical pitch of the pixels in the matrix shall be the same.

The variable message display pixels shall be in modules of a size capable of being removed and installed by hand via the rear access door(s).

8.2 Variable message display technology

The display technology shall be light emitting diode (LED). The display pixels may be formed by arranging one or more LEDs in a cluster to achieve the required luminance levels.

8.3 Failures

Facilities shall be included to detect failures within the display control system. The DU shall blank the display in the event of a sign processor fault. Time to blank shall be a configurable setting with ranges as given in Appendix A.

The DU shall monitor communications with the VMS controller and blank the displays if loss of communication experienced. The communications timeout period shall be a configurable setting.

The VMS controller shall be able to periodically detect the failure of any LED in the display even if the LEDs are required to be ‘off’ at the time of the periodic check. The display shall be blanked upon failure of equal or more than four contiguous pixels in either horizontal or vertical direction or failure of more than 20% of LEDs.

On power restoration after loss of power, the VMS shall become available for activation and remain blank until commanded by any one of the control methods. The power recovery delay time shall be configurable. At no time shall partial or incomplete frames be displayed.

The VMS controller shall allow the sign’s display to remain blank for a minimum time once the display has been blanked irrespective of the cause. This minimum blank time shall be configurable.

Single LED failure, provided that the cumulative LED loss remains below the four contiguous and/or 20% thresholds described above or VMS light sensor failure, should not result in blanking of the display. The failure of any LED shall be reported in the log.

If colours are generated with a colour mixing technology from a cluster of LEDs, failure of any LED within the cluster shall automatically turn off the entire cluster to avoid generation of colour noise.

All configurable setting shall be as shown in Appendix A.

8.4 LED output

Each individual LED shall be driven with a continuous current with no peak and/or magnitudes exceeding 70% of the LED manufacturer’s recommended maximum continuous rating.

8.5 Display Unit Requirements

Type A, Type B and Type C VMS shall comply with the display dimensional requirements of the AS 4852.1.
Each alphanumeric character in the DU shall be formed by a matrix arrangement of horizontal and vertical pixels.

The signs shall have sufficient vertical pixels to permit lower case text, with descenders lie wholly below the base of the upper-case characters. The character format shall be complied with the requirements of the AS 4852.1.

Where specified by the principal VMS with characters per line of 8 is acceptable. However, all other display dimensional requirement of these VMS shall be complied with AS 4852.1.

VMS that is smaller in length, do not require larger structures to mount. These VMSs are suitable for providing information to motorists travel on rural motorways that service lower volumes of vehicles. Due to the short length of VMS, messages that can be displayed will be limited.

8.6 Display fonts

As a minimum, the variable message display shall generate single stroke alphanumeric character fonts generally to the requirements of AS 1742, AS 1743 and AS 1744. The characters shall be arranged to have a minimum of two pixels between characters and two pixels between lines.

8.7 Display changes

Variable message display changes shall be in accordance with the VMS use and operations guidelines stated in the Austroads Guide to Traffic Management Part 10. The Queensland specific requirements are supplemented as Queensland practice variations in the TRUM Part 10 Traffic Control and Communication Devices.

All display changes shall be effected by first blanking and then activating all required pixels of the respective display simultaneously (as visible to the eye).

8.8 Display colour

The VMS display shall be either be capable of displaying Monochrome (Yellow) or 4 Colour (Yellow, White, Red and Green) compliant with AS 4852.1 as follows.

1. VMS display shall be able to display individual pixels in Yellow against a matt Black background. LEDs shall be used within pixels to generate the output colour.

2. The VMS display shall be able to display individual pixels in either Yellow or White or Red or Green colours, against a matt Black background. LEDs shall be used within pixels to generate output colours. The individual pixels may generate colour with either discrete LED/s for each of the 4 colours or via a colour mixing arrangement with RGB LEDs or equivalent technologies. In the event of the use of colour mixing or equivalent technology, any non-compliant colours to AS 4852.1 shall neither be configurable nor displayed under any circumstances.

The VMS display's colours shall remain within their corresponding chromaticity coordinates, as specified in the Section 5.2.4 of AS 4852.1, for every configurable brightness level. The sign's display colours shall remain within their corresponding specified chromaticity coordinates for at least 10 years of pixel service life specified in the Section 5.1.1.4 of AS 4852.1. It should be noted that this requirement is additional to the warranty requirements outlined in the Clause 4.3.
8.9 *Fall-back displays*

Fall-back for VMS shall be blanked display unless otherwise specified.

8.10 *Conspicuity devices*

Conspicuity devices shall be provided as specified in AS 4852.1.

8.11 *Optical performance*

8.11.1 *Luminance*

The luminance and luminance ratio of the LED shall comply with the requirements of AS 4852.1.

8.11.2 *LED dimming*

The LED intensity shall be controlled to provide maximum legibility distances for the complete range of ambient light under which the VMS shall operate.

A VMS shall have a minimum of 16 LED brightness levels. The brightness levels shall be in units of percentage of maximum brightness. The transition between different brightness level shall not cause sudden changes in brightness. The transition time between two consequent brightness levels shall be configurable. The range of values and default value shall be as per Appendix A.

The intensity of the conspicuity devices shall be controlled by the same system that controls the intensity of the LED displays.

8.11.3 *Luminance intensity half angle*

The luminance intensity half angle shall comply with the requirements of AS 4852.1.

8.11.4 *Luminance intensity uniformity*

Luminance intensity uniformity shall comply with the requirements of AS 4852.1.

8.11.5 *Sun phantom*

The action of sunlight or other bright light sources on the optical elements shall be controlled such that inactive pixels shall not appear active.

9 *Control system*

The control system requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to this Technical Specification. Additional control system requirements for equipment provided under this specification are described below.

9.1 *General*

Each VMS shall be operated by an integral control system that is controlled in the following order of priority:

1. local facility switch
2. hardwired input(s)
3. maintenance communications port using the PHCS, and
4. control communications ports through either PHCS or Principal's host control system.

PHCS shall be provided in accordance with this specification.
9.2 Local facility switch

A 4-position key operated facility switch that complies with MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements, shall be provided to enable selection of the following five display functions for each of the text display and the graphics display:

- **OFF** – display blank; control via all communications ports inhibited; status and diagnostic commands via all communications ports remain functional
- **Normal** – display active; displayed message selected via the maintenance communications port and/or the control communications port, and
- **Message 1, Message 2** – display either message 1 or 2; control via all communications ports inhibited; status and diagnostic commands via all communications ports remain functional.

9.3 Maintenance communications port

It shall be possible to control and interrogate the VMS via a 10/100 base-T Ethernet maintenance communications port via the VMS controller. Ethernet port shall allow local and remote communications via a commercially available laptop computer installed with PHCS software. The maintenance communications port shall also allow remote connection of a similar computer via Principal's communications network.

When the PHCS is connected and operating, the VMS controller shall automatically change to 'MAINTENANCE' mode. Termination of the PHCS session shall enable TMS to control the VMS.

9.4 Control communications port

It shall be possible to control and interrogate the VMS via either of two TIA/EIA RS-422 or 10/100 base-T Ethernet control communications ports. The control communications ports shall allow local connection of a field processor/ modem for communications with TMS.

While a PC / laptop computer is connected and PHCS session is active to the VMS via the maintenance communications port, control of the VMS via the control ports shall be inhibited.

However, status and diagnostic interrogation by STREAMS via the control ports shall remain possible.

Complete control and monitoring by STREAMS shall be possible through both control communications ports as determined by telecommunications infrastructure provided at each Site.

Where communications equipment is connected to both control communications ports, the primary port shall be used for control commands to / from the VMS, and the secondary port shall be used for status-only communications with the VMS.

Where communications equipment is connected to only one control communications port (or in the case of failure of either communications port or attached equipment) the VMS shall automatically revert to full control AND status communications through the active port.

VMS communications software shall be capable of operating at all possible modem connection and/or serial/Ethernet port speeds.

9.5 Control / diagnostics software

The VMS shall be capable of connection to the Principal's TMS, STREAMS, for remote control of the sign.
The VMS shall be provided with manufacturers host control system (the PHCS) that includes additional functions for diagnostic of faults, by local and remote control of VMS.

The PHCS shall report the selected position of the facility switch.

9.5.1 Security and compatibility

The security requirements defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements apply to this Technical Specification.

In addition, the software shall:

- Request passwords as part of the access and configuration authorisation process. Passwords shall be generally in accordance with IS18.
- Provide two access levels, namely, Administrator and Standard user, as a minimum.
- Be compatible with Microsoft Windows operating system environment, Windows 10, Windows 11, and those industry standards current at the time of delivery.
- Any software provided shall be capable of operating on all such operating systems.
- Be backward compatible with existing VMS purchased from the same manufacturer.

The factory default user credentials shall not be used, and these shall be changed prior to any operation of the VMS. Passwords shall be generally in accordance with IS18.

9.5.2 Configuration settings and firmware

The VMS configuration parameters can be set up locally or remotely. When set up remotely, the sign control shall provide a prompted warning to avoid losing connection unintentionally. The VMS shall have sufficient storage capacity to accommodate future firmware upgrades during the lifetime of the VMS. Storage capacity wise, no further hardware upgrades shall be required to accommodate ongoing firmware changes / upgrades. In addition, the configuration parameters shall be completely protected during software / firmware upgrade.

This requirement is necessary to ensure that software upgrades do not affect the existing configuration parameters or new software released by the manufacturer are compatible with existing VMS by the same manufacturer.

9.6 Hardwired inputs

The VMS controller shall have the ability to display a predefined message when it receives a voltage free contact closure or similar input from an external device such as a loop detector or vehicle over-height detector.

The VMS controller shall be capable of accepting a minimum of six hardwired inputs.

9.7 Message hierarchy

Each VMS controller shall provide a user-configurable message hierarchy for message selection commands and hardwired inputs.
9.8 **LED intensity control**

The LED intensity shall be controlled to provide constant apparent brightness, and maximum legibility distance, for the complete range of ambient light under which the VMS shall operate.

Each VMS shall support automatic brightness variation, where the VMS determines the LED brightness level using a light sensor reading and a predefined set of light sensor values.

Each VMS shall be provided with at least two light sensors to detect ambient light levels. These sensors shall be located as follows:

- One sensor facing forward perpendicular to the sign face, and
- One sensor facing backward perpendicular to the sign face.

9.8.1 **Time-of-Day intensity settings**

The VMS controller shall provide means of adjusting the VMS brightness by time-of-day.

In the event of failure of the light sensors, seasonally adjusted time-of-day values stored in the group controller shall be used to adjust the VMS brightness.

9.9 **Temperature control**

Each VMS shall be provided with at least one temperature sensor to measure the temperature inside the display enclosure near the top centre and if required a cooling system consisting of cooling devices and thermostats.

Each thermostat shall operate the connected cooling device(s) once the internal ambient temperature (measured at the top of the cabinet) reaches the set point. The thermostat set point (TSP) is a configurable parameter as shown in Appendix A.

The temperature sensor shall not be mounted directly against the top face of the display enclosure. The temperature reading shall be available with a protocol message via STREAMS. The temperature shall be in units of degrees Centigrade. Upon failure of the VMS cooling system, the TMS shall shut down the sign if the temperature reaches a set value.

Furthermore, a configurable early warning temperature setting prior to its' shut down temperature level is required for efficient management of VMS. Both Thermostat High Temperature Shut Down Set Point (TSDSP) and Thermostat High Temperature Early Warning Set Point (TEWSP) shall be configurable, as shown in Appendix A.

9.10 **Communication protocol**

Communication between the Field Processor and the VMS shall comply with RMS protocol TSI-SP-003 Version 2.1 with colour extensions or other protocol accepted by the Principal's representative and the requirements of MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements*.

New communication protocols such as NTCIP 1203 or TSI-SP-003 Version 5.0 are under consideration to support higher resolution dynamic message signs. However, these protocols are not in the scope of this specification at this stage. These additional protocol options may be included in the future versions of this Technical Specification.
9.11 **Bus arbitration**

Each VMS shall act as a slave on the TIA/EIA RS-422 modem bus.

9.11.1 **Display controls**

When a standalone power system such as solar power is used to power the VMS, a display control mechanism shall be provided to activate the VMS display only when a vehicle is present within the viewing range of the VMS. The VMS shall display the full message prior to vehicle entering the viewing range and shall not deactivate the message until the vehicle has left the viewing range of VMS.

The VMS controller shall continuously communicate with the TMS at all times regardless of the status of the display. This facility shall be user configurable for setting up parameters such as enable/disable, and operational range.

10 **Mechanical, physical and display enclosure requirements**

10.1 **General**

The mechanical, physical and enclosure requirements defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements apply to the display enclosure. Additional mechanical, physical and enclosure requirements for the display enclosure are described below.

10.2 **Mounting**

The display enclosure shall be capable of being mounted both on the verge and over the carriageway as defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements.

Access doors shall be provided to allow access to the rear of the VMS for maintenance from the working platform on the mounting structure. The door arrangement shall be compatible with the mounting structure members. The mounting structure shall comply with MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements.

10.3 **Exterior finish and surfaces**

The surface finishes shall be compliant to AS 4852.1 Section 3.1.2 with external front face matt black and other external surfaces matt grey. Any interior surfaces that may be visible from outside the sign shall be matt black.

10.4 **Weather resistance**

The display enclosure shall provide a degree of protection of not less than that required for the classification of IP65 in accordance with AS 1939, in normal service.

Alternatively, the VMS shall have degree of protection of IP65 in accordance with AS 1939 at the modular level. The connections between the modules shall not compromise the degree of protection below IP65. This option may allow for the removal of polycarbonate see through front cover from the enclosure, thus reducing the display optical losses facilitating the use of low power LEDs. However, this approach shall not degrade the performance and design life of the VMS.

10.5 **Equipment racks**

Where required, the display enclosure and/or the control cabinet shall incorporate a standard 19-inch racking system to facilitate installation of all equipment requiring rack-mounting. The height of the racks shall be sufficient for the installation of all such equipment.
10.6 Front cover

Where required to meet the weather resistance requirements, a see-through front cover shall be provided.

Front cover is not required if the sign design provided the weather resistance protection at modular level as stipulated in this Technical Specification.

10.6.1 Front cover material

The front cover material shall be a single, clear Lexan® polycarbonate sheet, or equivalent, with UV resistant and non-reflective finish. The sheeting shall be manufactured from sign-grade material SG300 with a thickness at least equal to that recommended by the manufacturer, and in all cases, at least 4.5 mm.

10.6.2 Viewing angles

The viewing window shall not obstruct sign viewing angles of ± 45° (horizontal) and ± 30° (vertical) to the axis perpendicular to the front plane of the display when installed at site.

10.6.3 Retention method

Front cover shall be able to be removed for maintenance from outside the VMS without requiring removal of internal components. Fasteners and retaining cover strips shall be easily accessible.

Front cover retention and seal design shall allow for thermal expansion properties of the front cover material. The front cover surrounding framework and cover strips shall provide the required weather proofing and strength for both positive and negative wind pressures.

10.7 Demister

A demister or an alternative method shall be provided to prevent condensation on the inside surface of the front cover if the front cover is part of the VMS design.

11 Environmental

The environmental conditions defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements apply to this Technical Specification.

12 Electrical

The electrical requirements defined in MRTS201 General Equipment Requirements and AS 4852.1 apply to this Technical Specification. Additional requirements are as described below.

12.1 Power source

VMS shall be supplied with mains power in compliance with MRTS210 Provision of Mains Power or with a standalone power system compliance with MRTS263 Standalone Solar (PV) Power Systems. The sign except the display shall operate for 12 hours using a backup power system during a failure of mains power supply for TMS to monitor, log and diagnose the fault.

When powered by a standalone power system, it shall have an autonomy time of four days.

The signs that are powered through the stand-alone power systems shall have alarms set up for backup battery system to provide advance warnings to the TMS.
12.2 **Power consumption**

The VMS supplier shall provide the power consumption details of the sign measured and recorded as follows:

- measuring instruments shall have a current calibration certificate issued by the manufacturer
- two readings shall be recorded for the minimum and maximum dimming levels
- VMS shall display message "REPORT TRAFFIC INCIDENT", with conspicuity devices flashing while the measurements are being taken, and
- if the VMS has any other sub-systems that consume power, they shall be active while power measurements are being taken.

A report shall be submitted with details of power consumption together with copies of calibration certificates of the measuring instruments. **Hold Point 5**

13 **Installation requirements**

The installation requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to this Technical Specification. Where the sign controller resides in separate roadside cabinet, it must be placed at a location where the VMS face be visible. Consequently, ground-mounted cabinets should be located on the same side of the carriageway as the VMS. The cabinets shall comply with the requirements of MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* and MRTS226 *Telecommunication Field Cabinets*.

Location of the VMS shall comply with the requirements of the Austroads *Guide to Traffic Management* Part 10. Queensland practice variations are provided as a supplement in the TRUM Part 10 *Traffic Control and Communication Devices*. Further requirements are as detailed in the installation acceptance test and commissioning tests in this Technical Specification.

14 **Telecommunications requirements**

The telecommunications requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* and MRTS245 *ITS Telecommunications Network (ITS TN)* apply to work provided under this Technical Specification.

15 **Testing and commissioning**

15.1 **General**

The testing and commissioning requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to work provided under this Technical Specification. The minimum additional testing and commissioning requirements for equipment provided under this Technical Specification are described below.

15.2 **Factory acceptance tests (FAT)**

The FAT shall include all the performance parameters in this Technical Specification that can be tested under laboratory/factory conditions.
The optical performance, stated in this specification and to be conducted by a NATA accredited laboratory or NATA endorsed by Mutual Recognition laboratory, shall be determined by measurement under laboratory conditions of the minimum luminance ratio and the minimum and maximum luminance for the five sign illuminance levels listed in AS 4852.1 Table 5.5 in accordance with the test procedures defined therein – Appendix C – “Photometric Test Procedures”.

The colours for the red, green and yellow LEDs shall conform to the colours defined by the colour coordinates in AS 4852.1 Table 5.6, and Appendix D – “Colorimetric Test Procedures”. The optical performance of the VMS shall meet or exceed those quoted parameters. The optical performance report shall cover all parameters described in this specification. **Witness Point 1**

15.3 *Installation acceptance tests (IAT)*

Once the VMS is installed on site, the Contractor shall demonstrate and certify that the VMS has been installed to allow correct operation, exhibiting similar results in the intended operating environment as the results in the FAT. **Witness Point 2**

15.4 *Commissioning tests (CT)*

The commissioning requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to work provided under this Technical Specification. The commissioning report sheet in Annexure MRTS202.1 shall be completed as part of the test and included in the operations manuals. **Witness Point 3**

> A commissioning sheet has been included as part of Annexure MRTS202.1, listing parameters of significance for VMS commissioning.

16 *Documentation*

The documentation requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to work provided under this Technical Specification.

17 *Training*

The training requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to work provided under this Technical Specification.

18 *Maintenance*

The maintenance requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to work provided under this Technical Specification.

19 *Handover*

The handover requirements defined in MRTS201 *General Equipment Requirements* apply to work provided under this Technical Specification. Further requirements are as described below.

The Contractor shall provide asset data for the installed VMS in the format prescribed in the QADF document. The Contractor will need to contact the Principal with regards to data requirements such as asset attributes specific to the project, as these requirements may change from project to project.
20 Product Approval

Variable Message Signs can be proactively tested and be pre-approved for Department of Transport and Main Roads' deployments. The Product Approval checklist in spreadsheet form is published as Appendix B to this Technical Specification.
### Appendix A – Configuration Parameters

#### Table A – Configuration Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference clause</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Range of values</th>
<th>Factory default</th>
<th>Device(s), systems affected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>TMS Communications Session Time-out (STO)</td>
<td>1 - 600 seconds</td>
<td>300 seconds</td>
<td>control unit/Configuration Software</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>Communications check frequency (Controller with sign display) (CST)</td>
<td>0 - 30 seconds</td>
<td>Once every 5 seconds</td>
<td>control unit/sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>Communication Timeout Setting (Controller to Sign Display)</td>
<td>0 - 30 seconds</td>
<td>5 seconds</td>
<td>control unit/sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>Enclosure Over-Temperature Setting (OTS)</td>
<td>0 – 70℃ in increments of 1℃</td>
<td>Max Alarm set at 42℃</td>
<td>control unit/sign display/enclosure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>Sign processor fault blank time (PFBT)</td>
<td>0.5 – 3 seconds</td>
<td>1 second</td>
<td>sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>Flashing display elements setting (FDES)</td>
<td>10 - 90% lit (1 s cycle time)</td>
<td>1 s cycle time 50% lit</td>
<td>Flashing display elements setting (FDES)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>Contiguous Pixel Failure (CPF)</td>
<td>0-10</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>control unit/sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>Multi LED failure (MLEDF)</td>
<td>0 – 100%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>control unit/sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>Power recovery delay time (PRDT)</td>
<td>1 - 600 seconds</td>
<td>60 seconds</td>
<td>control unit/sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>Minimum blank time (MBT)</td>
<td>1 - 120 seconds</td>
<td>30 seconds</td>
<td>control unit/sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11.2</td>
<td>LED brightness level transition time</td>
<td>1 – 60 seconds</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>control unit/sign display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>Thermostat High Temperature Shut Down Set Point (TSDSP)</td>
<td>10 – 60℃ in increments of 1℃</td>
<td>ON at 50℃, OFF at 45℃</td>
<td>control unit/sign display/enclosure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thermostat High Temperature Early Warning Set Point (TEWSP)</td>
<td>10 – 60℃ in increments of 1℃</td>
<td>ON at 40℃</td>
<td>control unit/sign display/enclosure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix B – VMS Product Approval Checklist

Please see MRTS202 Variable Message Signs Technical Specification Appendix.